



PUBLISHED DAILY & TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 1, 1881.

It was recently announced that Messrs. Paul and Fulkerson, the radiater members of the U. S. House of Representatives from Virginia, had authorized the statement that they intended to vote in the House as General Mahone votes in the Senate. Since the General has been in the Senate he has invariably voted with the republicans, except on one memorable occasion when he wasn't quick enough to see the drift, and voted with the democrats. But when informed of that mistake by "George," he made haste to change it. Therefore if the two gentlemen referred to vote as the General does they will always vote with the republicans. During Mr. Fulkerson's campaign he always proclaimed himself a democrat, and only three days before the election, in reply to a question upon the hustings, Mr. Paul said "I am a democrat and always have been." Some people will wonder how these gentlemen can recede their vote and position statements. But there who do so fail to remember that General Mahone was not only a "Virginian," but a Southern man and a democrat, and subsequently, that he was a "better democrat than Ben Hill" and all the other democratic members of the Senate. They don't understand how men, who are so liberal toward others as to abuse professors for teaching honesty and Northern men for telling the truth about Virginia, can be so liberal to themselves as to reveal in the depths of a dictionary constructed for their own purposes, and according to which definitions have been so reconstituted that the word democrat is used as a synonym for rebellion.

General Mahone, in order to win the majority, by which alone he gained his recent success, said he desired the obliteration of all race distinctions. Colonel Cameron, whom the General made Governor, in speaking of the election to a correspondent for General Mahone's Philadelphia organ, the Press, said "the people of Virginia have clearly indicated their desire that the statute books of the State shall be freed of all race legislation. If what the Colonels say be true mixed schools and mixed education must hereafter be the rule in Virginia. Collector Brady, the chairman of the Alabama executive committee, is reported to have said that if the vote by which the readjusters carried the State the republicans supplied all but about twenty thousand. Now as the republicans vote of Virginia is composed almost entirely of negroes, the question (that naturally arises, whether it is either morally or politically right for twenty thousand white officers, soldiers and conscripts, by the aid of sixty thousand ignorant republicans and non-tax-paying negroes, not only to take the control of the State from one hundred thousand intelligent, reputable and tax-paying white voters, and to disorganize the State and raise her credit as they have done, but also to destroy her public schools, and, in fact, to overthrow and subvert her very civilization? As a negro's vote is as potential as a white man's, this is a question that demands serious consideration.

Mr. Baum, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was not willing to see Mr. James and all the other model civil service reformers devoting columns in advocacy of that measure without showing that he, too, was in favor of the desired reformation. So he also has availed himself of the opportunity afforded by his annual report to say that "the only causes for removal should be dishonesty, incapacity, neglect of duty, insubordination, intemperance, immorality and inability." And yet during the recent campaign in Virginia Mr. Baum permitted officers to be removed from the internal revenue service for no other cause than the fact that they refused to repudiate republican principles and desert the republican party at the bidding of a popularizer who proclaimed himself a democrat. But it must be remembered that Mr. Baum says no public man can afford to be consistent. There are no such words as political consistency in Mr. Baum's vocabulary.

And now the Manonites are after the escape of Mr. Russell, collector of internal revenue for the Richmond district, as well as Mr. Cook, collector of customs of Richmond, as will be seen by the following adopted at a meeting of the republican central committee of Richmond:

Resolved, That this committee ask the President of the United States, through our representative, Senator William Mahone, therefrom (if possible) that Mr. O. H. Russell, the present collector of internal revenue,

This was amended so as to include the removal of Capt. B. C. Cook, the collector of customs.

We regret to learn that Mr. C. W. Button, editor of the Lynchburg Virginian, is ill. We earnestly hope for his speedy recovery.

RAILROAD NOTES.—Mr. Massey, Auditor of Public Accounts has completed a statement showing the value of railroad property in the State. The total is given as \$25,000,000, real and personal. The net income of all the roads for the year ending February 1, 1881, was \$3,301,301.35. The roads whose valuation runs into the millions are Norfolk and Western, \$7,665,751; Washington City, Virginia Midland and Great Southern, \$4,710,400; Chesapeake and Potomac, \$3,955,611; Richmond and Alleghany, \$3,841,840; Seaboard and Roanoke, \$1,618,430; and the Shenandoah Valley, \$1,207,200.

The grading of the Baltimore and Potomac line for the double track between Washington and Baltimore is steadily progressing. The advanced workmen from the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, and the Washington force are at Wilson, eight and a half miles from Washington. This leaves twenty-four and a half miles of grading yet to be done.

Mr. A. C. Hippey has been appointed assistant engineer of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, and the Washington force are at Wilson, eight and a half miles from Washington. This leaves twenty-four and a half miles of grading yet to be done.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1, 1881.
Capt. Samuel Chapman, formerly of Alexandria, but now a resident of this city, is one of the many who are convinced of Gaiter's insanity. He saw him once at the White House, about ten days before the assassination of the late President, and was then induced to believe he was insane from his remarkable behavior. Ordinary callers upon the President are admitted to an audience upon stairs, but the President's intimate friends and members of his Cabinet have the entire to his office at all hours of the day and on unannounced. On the occasion referred to Gaiter had sent in a card, and was waiting for his turn to be admitted, but several members of the Cabinet called to the meantime, and as each of them opened the door and went in Gaiter would spring up from his seat and follow him, and would have to be soiled and brought back by the door keeper. When he went into the waiting room he would complain of the incivility of the door keeper and talk loudly of his own importance and of the distinguished people of the country with whom he was on the most intimate terms.

Now, without Mr. Davis's reported assertion that he would not vote to remove an efficient democrat merely for the purpose of putting a republican in his place, there is no likelihood among the officers and employees of the Senate concerning the retention of their present positions. Senator Jones is authorized for saying that Mr. Gaiter is as strong as a horse. It is known, and the democratic leaders are not ignorant of it, that the democratic leaders, as they probably will, there will be nothing to prevent his election, and what is true with regard to Mr. Gaiter is true of all the other officers of the Senate. There is some doubt about the place of Sergeant-at-Arms, for which Mr. Riddleberger has been the republican candidate ever since the 4th of last March. He, as is known, is now a candidate for a seat in the Senate, and it is likely that he will at the same time be a candidate for the position of Sergeant-at-Arms of that body. If he is withdrawn it is probable that General Mahone, who had him nominated, will have the naming of his substitute, and, as previously stated in this correspondence, may possibly give the nomination to Mr. D. A. Windsor, who did him good service in Alexandria at the recent election.

With regard to the organization of the House it is positively asserted to-day that the eight readjusters are to remain a solid and united band, and will not give the republicans any of their assistance without a quid pro quo in the shape of what they consider their fair share of the House patronage. It is reported that Mr. Paul, of Virginia, will not be well enough to be present on Monday, and that his colleague, Mr. Fulkerson, will not be likely to take part in the organization, with one exception with him. Mr. Dunster, a democratic member from Wisconsin, sailed from Europe in time to be here on Monday, but, as his ship became disabled and had to put back, the democratic strength will be reduced to 135. Should all the republicans be present they will have 146, and so could elect their committee without the aid of the greenbackers, the readjusters or the independent, Mr. Smith, of Kentucky.

The Board of Directors of the C. & O. Canal met at Baltimore to-day. It is understood at Georgetown that should the weather permit water will not be shut off from the canal until the 1st of January. Should that be the case boats will be arriving here and at Alexandria until the middle of that month. Twenty-five boats arrived yesterday, and all the canal companies are still shipping coal by the canal but the Hampshire and Baltimore. The Alexandria canal has been in such good order for months past that it is superfluous, Mr. Hunter, has had time to build some for the dredges used in clearing out the Washington channel, and has just completed the largest one ever built on the Potomac.

It having been stated in some of the newspapers that Mr. George M. Mosby, of Lynchburg, a relative of Col. J. S. Mosby, Colonel at Fort Kong, had been appointed as vice Consul at that place, inquiries in relation to the matter were made at the State Department to-day, and the result goes far to substantiate what the Colonel is reported to have said about the long way affairs are conducted at that department, for though it was stated there that the department was not aware of a vacancy in the vice consulate at Hong Kong, it is known that Mr. Mosby's resignation has been on file there for months past. The department did not know any thing about Mr. Mosby's appointment, and said he would not be appointed, as he is a young man and the place one of no importance. As this while it has been known for months that Mr. Mosby has been home for that length of time. The department took cognizance of that fact, but did not pay much attention to it, as it was no uncommon thing for him to designate statements contained in newspapers by the Department as "rumor." The Mr. Mosby alluded to in the above story, and of course a well known citizen of Lynchburg. The Colonel has appointed him as clerk for which place there is an annual appropriation of \$1500, and he will not leave there in a day or two on his way to Hong Kong.

Col. Matthew B. Bell, formerly of Alexandria, but now of Stika, has had printed the brief of his claim for admission to the House of Representatives as Delegate from the Territory of Alaska. It states that at the election 804 votes were cast for him, and that he received 311.

No little excitement was created here for a short time last night by an utterly unfounded report to the effect that an unsuccessful attempt had been made to assassinate the President.

An Antidote for Snake Poison.

Our doctors and men of science will be easily amused if they do not follow up the very promising experiments recently made by M. de La Torre in the direction of a cure for snake-bite. He has found that peroxide of potash positively counteracts the poison of serpent. In a first series of experiments a solution of the poison was injected into the tissues of dogs, and its effects were, as usual, swiftness, absorption, and destruction of tissues. When, however, one per cent. solution of peroxide of potash had been injected two minutes after the poison, those local injuries were quite obviated; there was merely a slight swelling where the syringe point entered. Injection into the veins was then tried, and the peroxide again succeeded perfectly. In only two cases out of thirty did failure occur, the particular animals being young and ill-fed; also the antidote was given at too long an interval after the poison. The peroxide, in a case series of cases, was introduced half a minute after the solution of venom, and the dog showed no suffering at all beyond agitation and acceleration of the heart for a few minutes. In another series the characteristic mischief caused by the poison was allowed to manifest itself before the antidote was given. After two or three minutes, always five, every trouble disappeared; a slight general prostration followed for fifteen to twenty-five minutes, after which the animal would walk, and even run about and resume its normal aspect. Other dogs were treated similarly, but not receiving the antidote, died more or less quickly. Why might not hydrophobia also yield up its terrible secret to this simple method?—London Daily Telegraph.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Davis vs. Morris, executors and admrs. Arred vs. John Howard, ex. for appellant and Judge J. A. Meredith and John Lyon, ex. for appellees and submitted.

Among the heaviest shippers of coal from Cumberland last week was the American Coal Company, who sent 105,749 tons to this city.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Upward of two million seven hundred thousand dollars of 30 per cent. U. S. bonds were offered and accepted in New York yesterday.

The New Orleans firms of J. Lavi & Co., dry goods, Louis Mayer & Son, tobacco, and C. B. Black & Co., tobacco, have failed. The establishments are under seizure.

The Alabama conference of the Methodist Church South convened at Selma, Ala., yesterday, with 200 delegates present. Bishop Pierce presided.

The charges executed at the United States mint in Philadelphia during the month of November aggregated \$7,285,000 pieces, valued at \$7,693,400.

Mr. August Belmont, Jr., was married in New York Tuesday to Miss Bessie Hamilton Morgan, daughter of a prominent banker. The couple, accompanied by the lady's mother and Mr. S. Howland, will winter on the Nile.

Mr. P. V. Dunster, democratic member of the United States House of Representatives from Wisconsin, is a passenger on the steamer Loring, which was compelled to return to Plymouth yesterday. In some quarters of the department he will be unable to be present at the opening of the next session.

It is said that G. O. Babcock's friends are endeavoring to secure his selection as superintendent of public buildings and grounds, a position he held under President Grant. President Arthur makes the selection. This place is at present held by Col. Rockwell, who was selected by the late President Garfield.

Gaiter was on the witness stand again yesterday testifying in his own behalf. His killing of the President was, he said, to save the republican party from disintegration, and he was inspired to do the act by the duty. He contended that his own crime from assassination was through Divine interposition altogether, and that "the people of this country, when they know that another war has been prevented, will say 'Gaiter, the assassin, the patriot.'"

VIRGINIA NEWS.

W. P. Stebbins, a well-known citizen of Alexandria, died Tuesday.

Mrs. Harriette Slaughter died in Fredericksburg on Monday last, in her 80th year.

Among the bequests of the late Rev. Robert Prout, of Charles county, Md., is \$20,000 to the Virginia Theological Seminary and High School.

The resignation of Rev. George C. Sutor, assistant pastor of St. James's (Episcopal) church, Richmond, has been tendered to the vestry and accepted by them.

There is a great scarcity of labor in Northampton county, and it is a serious question how the lands are to be cultivated. Farm laborers are demanding \$1.25 per day.

Messrs. Crockett & Co., iron producers, have purchased the farm of C. M. Kitchens, in Wythe county for \$21,735. This is a considerable advance on the price paid for the property a short time ago by Mr. Kitchens.

The Attorney General has given an opinion to the effect that the sampler of tobacco appointed by the Tobacco Exchange of Richmond has no right under existing laws to enter the public warehouse for the purpose of inspecting or sampling tobacco there.

The Natural Bridge property in Rockbridge county has again changed hands, the owners this time being a stock company, of which Gov. Cornell, of New York, is president. It is the intention of the new company to build a railroad from the Richmond and Alleghany track to the bridge.

Messrs. William E. Tannor & Co. (whose large iron-works were destroyed by fire on the morning of the 11th inst.), have purchased the piece of land known as the "Haverstrach tract," in the county of Henrico, just outside of Richmond, on which they propose at an early day to build extensive shops for the manufacture of locomotives, stationary and portable engines, boilers, saw-mills, castings, &c.

The Gordonsville Gazette says: Mr. R. C. Gibson, a gentleman who lives near Fort Hill Church, came to town Saturday, and after the transaction of some business, in company with another, started home. He left Gordonsville about 9 o'clock. When testing his horse he complained of feeling bad, and got off his horse, thinking the walk would help him; after going a few yards, he fell down and immediately expired.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The General Council of the Seine re-elected the vote of a cap to erect the Atlantic ocean with the Mediterranean.

Signori Mario and Capriccioso, of the Lega Della Democrazia, a newspaper of Rome, have been ordered to fine and imprisonment for publishing articles insulting to the Pope.

Three tons in County Cork who had paid their rent were sent to the town Tuesday night, it is supposed, by anti-rent men. Outrage of this character in Ireland are increasing in frequency. Opposition to rent paying is especially marked in County Limerick, where the sheriff holds 300 writs of attachment against tenants for rents due.

Mrs. STANFORD'S DIAMONDS.—A Paris correspondent says: "I have recently seen shows one of the most magnificent sets of jewels ever gotten up in Paris for an American lady. It was manufactured to order for the wife of ex-Governor Stanford, of California, and consists of a necklace of large colored diamonds, interspersed with small white diamonds, rubies, sapphires and emeralds, all of the purest water. A band of large yellow diamonds encircles the throat, each set in smaller white stones. Below this band is placed a fluted design in small white diamonds and colored stones, extending in deep points. Between each of these points is suspended an immensely heavy diamond set in white diamonds and attached to the upper part of the necklace by a ruby, emerald or sapphire. There are five of these pendants, the central one being the largest, and having a figure in the collection of the Duke of Brunswick. This magnificent ornament is accompanied by a comb, a brooch and a pair of earrings to match, and the necklace itself takes to pieces and can be converted into pendants, hair ornaments, &c., while the upper row of diamonds can be worn as a necklace without the pendants and the pointed fluted band. The cost of the set has been estimated at \$80,000. Besides this truly royal parure, Mrs. Stanford has recently become the possessor of three brown diamonds, one set as a ring and the other two as earrings, which are said to be perfectly unique in the world of jewels."

GOOD WORK IN READING, PA.—I was afflicted with Rheumatism and swelling of the limbs for a period of about 18 months, and tried many remedies without success. St. Jacobs Oil was recommended to me, and I purchased a bottle thereof of Mr. Lieg's, my druggist. A few applications cured me.

Mrs. ANTHONY OTTERBORN.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The Gaiter Trial.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—At the opening of the court every available spot in the court room was occupied. Upon entering the witness-box, Gaiter before resuming his evidence made an appeal to the public for money to conduct his defense.

Judge Porter then began a rapid fire of interrogatories eliciting from the prisoner that he was physically a coward and always kept away from personal duels. Morally he was as brave as a lion, when he thought the duty was back of him. The duty influenced him to remove the President. In his opinion the doctors killed the President, not he [Gaiter]. The acts of Jones and Mason in attempting to kill him were wrong, and they ought to be punished unless they can show that they were inspired by the duty.

The witness soon showed signs of impatience and irritability, and striking his open hand upon the desk emphasized every sentence he uttered. When pushed for answers he finally became obstinate and shouted to Judge Porter: "I know you well, and I know bigger men than you are. I've seen you shake your finger at witnesses in New York; but you ain't so sore."

And shortly after when asked if he believed in the Ten Commandments, to which he responded in the affirmative, and if he believed that the commandment "Thou shalt not kill" ought to read in his case "Thou shalt kill," he answered accordingly, and refused to be asked any more questions. There was no more in his case and no killing. It was simply for the jury to determine whether or not his removal of the President was inspired by the duty or not. "It was all nonsense to split hairs any longer over that word. It must be definitely understood that the removal of the President was an act of the duty." Witnesses proved decidedly obstinate and after fully contradicting the testimony of Gen. Logan, Col. Reed and other witnesses, positively refused to answer several questions, his inevitable response being, "I decline to discuss that with you."

Witnesses seemed greatly annoyed at Judge Porter's habit of pointing his finger at him—by way of emphasizing his interrogations and again broke out angrily, "you need not point your finger at me, Judge Porter; I've seen you do that before but you ain't so sore."

Gaiter continued in this manner throughout the whole examination, impugning the evidence of witnesses and refusing to answer questions he did not think pertinent to the case. It is worthy of remark, too, that the prisoner shows much shrewdness in anticipating any point that may be made against him.

Affairs in Tunis.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Fifteen men belonging to the Ouled Ayer tribe have been shot by order of General Aubigny. Five hundred insurgents on the Tripolitan frontier have submitted to the French and are now operating with General Legent's column. A dispatch from Tunis says agents of the Mercantile Company have gone to Elfidia to take possession. They are accompanied by officials bearing a decree from the Bey ordering the inhabitants to recognize the company as proprietors of the estate. The standard says: "The government have decided that it is no longer necessary to retain a military force in Tunisian waters, and the M. S. S. ship employed there since the French occupation of Tunis has been ordered to withdraw."

A Fatal Surgical Operation.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—A coroner's jury yesterday held Dr. Walsh originally responsible for the death of John Rush, and committed the physician to prison to await the action of the district attorney. Rush was a poorly man, and had suffered for years from heart trouble. On Saturday afternoon he was recomposed home by Dr. Walsh, who remarked to the deceased on leaving: "I have done very wrong, but will be responsible." This remark was overheard by Rush's wife and son, who died on Monday. A jury was summoned, which found that the death was caused by peritonitis, the result of an operation wrongfully performed by Dr. Walsh.

Confession.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 1.—Saskowski has confessed that he himself and three other athletes had sworn to kill General Ignatoff and Teberovise and M. Kozlov, the Prefect of Police. General Teberovise, it now appears, owes his life to the preservation of wearing a coat of mail under his clothes. A jury was summoned yesterday to try Ignatoff's accomplices, who are accused of the murder of the above-named last July. The court was crowded with soldiers and fashion of the city. One hundred and thirty-two witnesses are to be called, among them a troupe of Bohemian singers.

Starbuck 11th Tailors' Shears.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Henry Levy, tailor, of Thirty-ninth street, and John C. Clare, of Thirty-third street, also a tailor, quarrelled on Tuesday evening last in Levy's house, and he tried to eject his guest, but Clare resisted. They had a scuffle, and Levy threw Clare's hat into the street. Clare then went out and hit Levy by the throat, and Levy placed the point of his long shears into Clare's abdomen. Clare was taken to Roosevelt Hospital. His condition is said to be critical.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1.—The debt statement issued to-day shows the decrease of the public debt during the month of November to be \$7,249,126.25; cash in the Treasury \$215,042,866.99; gold certificates \$5,207,920; silver certificates \$66,063,320; refunding certificates \$579,250; legal tenders outstanding \$246,631,016; fractional currency outstanding \$7,093,128.92. Decrease of debt: Oct. 1 to June 30, 1881 \$62,373,471.33.

Affairs in Ireland.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—At the regular weekly meeting of the Ladies Land League in Dublin, it was announced that since the last meeting sixty-six pounds had been received for the general fund and 119 pounds for the prisoners' maintenance fund.

Steamer Aground.

PORT MONROE, VA., Dec. 1.—The steamer Excelsior of the Washington and Norfolk line went on the Hampton bar last night in a dense fog where she now lays. The tug Sampson of Baltimore has come to her assistance.

Returned to Death.

SCRANTON, PA., Dec. 1.—During a fire early this morning an old lady named Mrs. McCarty, and a Mrs. Reed, perished in the flames while in bed.

Coming Race.

TORONTO, ONT., Dec. 1.—Hendee has obliged England to sell him the Boyd for \$1,000 a side on the Tyne in March next.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 1.—Virginia wool—old No. 1 delivered 40¢; No. 2 delivered 35¢; No. 3 delivered 30¢; No. 4 delivered 25¢; No. 5 delivered 20¢; No. 6 delivered 15¢; No. 7 delivered 10¢; No. 8 delivered 5¢; No. 9 delivered 0¢; No. 10 delivered 0¢; No. 11 delivered 0¢; No. 12 delivered 0¢; No. 13 delivered 0¢; No. 14 delivered 0¢; No. 15 delivered 0¢; No. 16 delivered 0¢; No. 17 delivered 0¢; No. 18 delivered 0¢; No. 19 delivered 0¢; No. 20 delivered 0¢; No. 21 delivered 0¢; No. 22 delivered 0¢; No. 23 delivered 0¢; No. 24 delivered 0¢; No. 25 delivered 0¢; No. 26 delivered 0¢; No. 27 delivered 0¢; No. 28 delivered 0¢; No. 29 delivered 0¢; No. 30 delivered 0¢; No. 31 delivered 0¢; No. 32 delivered 0¢; No. 33 delivered 0¢; No. 34 delivered 0¢; No. 35 delivered 0¢; No. 36 delivered 0¢; No. 37 delivered 0¢; No. 38 delivered 0¢; No. 39 delivered 0¢; No. 40 delivered 0¢; No. 41 delivered 0¢; No. 42 delivered 0¢; No. 43 delivered 0¢; No. 44 delivered 0¢; No. 45 delivered 0¢; No. 46 delivered 0¢; 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